



MPS School Assessment Plan

At Sturgeon Public Schools, we dare to reimagine learning through dynamic programming, dedicated teachers, and innovative technologies that keep our schools on the leading edge of education in Alberta.

One of the ways we help all students be successful is by assessing and evaluating what students learn. This guide will help you understand:

- What assessment is, different types and uses;
- responsibilities of staff, students and parents/guardians;
- how your child is assessed; and
- how your child's progress and learning is communicated;

What is Assessment

What is Assessment?

In this guide, the terms assessment and evaluation are used to describe what students have learned and how well they have learned it. Assessment and evaluation aren't just about tests and grades.

Assessment means gathering information about what your child knows, understands, and can demonstrate based on the Alberta curriculum or a student's Individualized Program Plan (IPP).

Purpose of Assessment

Assessment refers to the process of collecting, interpreting, and communicating information about a student's progress in relation to the learning outcomes.

Formative Assessment

Formative assessment, or assessment for learning, is an ongoing exchange of information between students and teachers to:

- inform students, about their progress towards achieving the intended learning outcome(s),
- identify the gains and difficulties students are experiencing in what they are being asked to learn or perform,
- provide specific, descriptive and meaningful feedback that encourages growth, and
- inform teachers of student progress, allowing timely adjustments to instruction where necessary.

Summative Assessment

Updated: January 2024





Summative assessment, or assessment of learning, refers to assessment that takes place after an instructional segment such as a group of integrated lessons, unit, reporting period or grade to:

- describe the degree to which each student can demonstrate the achievement of learning outcomes as set out in the programs of study,
- provide accurate information of each student's strengths and areas of need to inform teachers evaluations and communication to students and parents/guardians, and
- evaluate the effectiveness of the instruction used during the instructional segment to inform future teaching practice.

Achievement of Academic Outcomes

Teachers ensure that a variety of assessment techniques are used to measure student growth and achievement. Teachers use a combination of observations, conversations and products to inform student achievement. A student's final standing in any course is based on a number of indicators of achievement throughout the term.

Outcome Based Reporting

Outcomes based reporting is a method of assessing and reporting student learning based on learning goals or outcomes. Students, families and teachers have clarity around learning goals and student progress towards learning goals is clear. Outcomes based reporting provides explanations of how well students demonstrate key learning outcomes (on the report card) and essential skills and procedures (through PowerTeacherPro).

Instead of a grade on an assignment, students receive a grade on the learning outcome(s) or essential skill(s) and procedure(s) they are learning. Best practice around outcomes based reporting includes listing learning outcomes in simple, clear language that makes sense to students and their families.

Social Skills and Development/Growth as a Learner Outcomes (Grades 1-6)

Evaluation of student growth as a learner and development of personal and social skills is reported separate from academic achievement of learner outcomes.

Work Ethic (Grades 7-12)

Evaluation of student work ethic is reported separate from academic and achievement of learner outcomes.

Grade Scales

Division Grade Scales Linked Here

School Specific Comments:

As part of the new curriculum implementation, École Morinville Public teachers have selected essential skills and procedures to assess student progress. While all skills and







procedures are important, the essential skills and procedures are considered to be foundational learning. Other skills and procedures fit within a progression of learning of a Learning Outcome. These progressions guide rubrics for assessment and reporting. Rather than reporting achievement on specific assignments, teachers are now reporting progress on the essential skills and procedures.

Teachers create rubrics with progressions of behaviours and skills that show competency in a Learning Outcome. The 1-5 grading scale descriptions all fall within grade level. It is expected at the beginning of the year, students would demonstrate a 1 and 2 level of understanding as they are just starting to work within the outcome. As they develop their understanding, the grade will change to reflect their progress.

As they have all along, teachers will gather a variety of pieces of evidence of student learning, including conversations, observations and products, to summarize student progress towards a particular Learning Outcome.

Shared Responsibility

We all have a role to play to ensure student success.

Parent/guardians can support learning by:

- working in partnership with school staff;
- staying informed and keeping in touch with school staff. This includes reading newsletters, interacting with PowerSchool Parent Portal etc.; and
- attending parent-teacher conferences.

Teachers will support student learning by:

- providing suitable programming for each student;
- providing many opportunities and different ways for students to show what they know;
- providing multiple opportunities for students to submit missing work, while maintaining ongoing communication with parents/guardians;
- clearly explaining what's expected of students in all courses and how student work will be graded/marked (i.e. course outline);
- keeping detailed, accurate notes describing student successes and challenges;
- communicating regularly about student progress and achievement; and
- providing opportunities for parents to be involved in the learning process.

Students have a responsibility for their own learning and are expected to:

- come to school regularly and punctually;
- actively engage in learning activities, projects, and tasks to the best of their ability;
- participate in activities to celebrate learning;







- demonstrate their learning; and
- take advantage of opportunities to demonstrate growth in their knowledge and skills.

Communicating Assessment

There are many ways we help you stay informed about your child's learning throughout the year. We encourage you to review your child's reports and attend conferences regularly.

Reporting Periods or Terms, End of Year Report Card (sent late June)

School Specific Comments:

At École Morinville Public School, the report card is one component in communicating student learning. In addition to the report card, teachers communicate with parents about student progress on an ongoing basis in a variety of ways. Some other ways to learn how your child is doing are informal conversations with your child and your child's teachers, celebrations of learning, conferences, and online tools such as Seesaw, Google Classroom, Class Dojo, and comments entered in the Parent Portal. Comments are provided three times a year; twice coinciding with parent teacher interviews and at the end of the year. A final report card is provided digitally at the end of the year.

Parent Teacher Conferences

School Specific Comments:

At École Morinville Public School parent teacher conferences are held twice annually. Once in the fall in November, and once in the spring. Each round of interviews consists of two evenings for 3 hours. Teacher comments on student progress are provided in GradeBook at these times.

Code	Explanation
NG	No Grade communicates achievement for all students where there is not enough information to assess a student on their achievement. Final grade is exempt from the student average. "No Grade" is also used to communicate achievement for students accessing modified programming in their age typical classroom.
INC	The course has been attempted and is not complete. Final grade is exempt from the student average.

SPS Approved Report Card Codes





Dare to reimagine learning



SPS Approved Assessment Codes for Learning Outcomes / Assignments

Code	Explanation
Collected	The student has completed the assessment. No mark is calculated.
	The assessment has been turned in/attempted/observed and is not complete. No mark is calculated.
L Missing	The student has not turned in, or performed, an assessment. No mark is calculated.
Absent	The student was absent during the assessment. Teacher is responsible for communicating the procedure for determining and submitting work during an absence. No mark is calculated.
Late	The assessment is late. No mark is calculated.
	The teacher has determined, using professional judgment, that a student is exempt from completing an assessment. No mark is calculated.
NG	The teacher does not have enough information to assess a student on their achievement of the learning outcome/assignment. No mark is calculated.
	No Grade is also used to communicate achievement for students accessing modified programming in their age typical classroom.
NHI	The teacher has not received an assessment from a student. A mark of 0 is used as a placeholder until the assessment is submitted.
	Multiple opportunities must be provided to the student to submit an assignment and ongoing communication must occur with students, and parents/guardians. Used in Junior High and High School only.

Benchmark and Screening Assessments

Division or provincial benchmark or screening assessment tools help teachers better understand the current skills or understanding students have. They allow teachers to program more accurately or build review and support materials for student growth and success. They are not considered as evidence for grading.

Grade	Literacy	Grade	Numeracy
1-2	Letter Name-Sound (LeNS) Helps understand foundational	1-4	Alberta Education Numeracy Screener







Dare to reimagine learning

	phonics skills.		Helps identify general number sense development and can be used to address early gaps in number knowledge.
2-4	Castles and Coltheart (CC3) Helps identify single word reading, phonological decoding and whole word recognition.		
1-4+	Fountas and Pinnell (F&P) Helps understand reading behaviours such as rate, prosody, decoding, fluency and comprehension.	7-9	Math Intervention / Programming Instrument (MIPI) Helps evaluate a student's understanding of the Alberta mathematics curriculum taught at the previous grade level.
5+	Reading Comprehension Assessment Tool (RCAT) Helps identify areas of strength and need with regard to specific skill categories of reading comprehension (Identify and Interpret Ideas, Interpret Text Organization, Associate Meaning, Make Connections, and Evaluate).		

Classroom Assessment

Missing or incomplete work

Teachers communicate with students and parents/guardians promptly and regularly about missing or incomplete student work.

School Specific Comments:

At École Morinville Public School, when students miss school they are caught up by the teacher when they return. If they are missing work that is essential and needs to be completed, teachers will communicate and collaborate with parents and guardians as to the best course of action to teach concepts and get them caught up. This teaching may occur during recess times, non-core instructional subjects or at home.

Course Outlines

School Specific Comments:

Grade 1 – 4 course objectives based on Provincial Curriculum Guidelines, along with







course evaluation components and their respective weightings will be presented to parents and/or students in writing during the first month of the school year. These are located in the "Course Description" section of each subject in PowerSchool.

Role of Homework

Homework is meant to:

- help support your child's learning;
- reinforce what your child learned in school; and
- give your child meaningful practice.

School Specific Comments:

At École Morinville Public School, we believe in prioritizing family time and recognizing the importance of a balanced lifestyle for our students. We understand that children work diligently during school hours, and we value the need for them to have ample time for rest, relaxation, and meaningful interactions with their families outside of the classroom. In some classes, teachers will send home reading with students to practice early literacy skills. Families wanting to complete work outside of school hours are welcome to read to their children or practice math facts.

Academic Integrity

Cheating is not acceptable. This includes plagiarism (claiming someone else's work as your own), copying another's work, stealing tests or assignments, and getting answers for a test or assignment in advance. Cheating also includes giving answers or work to others to claim as their own. If your child is suspected of plagiarism or cheating, their teacher will meet with them and contact the parents.

Final Exam or Final Course Grade Appeal Process

To appeal the grade/mark your child has been given, contact the classroom teacher. If the situation is unable to be resolved with the teacher, the appeal can be brought forward to the principal. The principal's decision is considered final as per the <u>Education Act</u>.

Individualized Program Plans (IPPs) and Learning Plans (LPs)

IPP's are designed for students who need specialized services and supports. The IPP is a working document that is developed within the first two months of the school year. It is a record of your child's progress related to specific goals and strategies. It gives you confirmation that your child's needs are being addressed and provides information about accommodations and supports your child needs to succeed. The IPP is reviewed at least







three times a year. We expect you and your child (as appropriate) to provide input into the IPP.

Students working with IPPs receive one of the following comments on their report cards:

- 1) If your student receives a course grade, "this grade is a reflection of the student's current level of achievement with accommodations or modifications as outlined in students IPP or LP".
- or
- 2) If your student receives a course code of NG, "No final grade is calculated, as the student's current level of achievement is based on modifications. A more accurate representation of their progress is described in their assignment work and outlined in student's IPP or LP".

Learning Plans are designed for students who access accommodations. The LP is a working document that is developed as needed and is a record of the accommodations provided to ensure your child's success. The LP is reviewed at least three times a year.

Provincial Assessments

Grade 1-4 Provincial Literacy and Numeracy Screeners

Provincial Literacy and Numeracy Screeners intended to help educators understand students' foundational literacy and numeracy skills and are not intended to measure mastery of the curriculum for a particular grade.

Assessments are administered twice a year in order to understand the growth that students demonstrate throughout the year in their literacy and numeracy skills. Grade 1 students participate in January and June. Grades 2, 3 and 4 students participate in September and June.

